No. 514

THE Pennsylvania GAZETTE.

Containing the freshest Advices Foreign and Domestick.

FROM OCTOBER 12. TO OCTOBER 19. 1738.

On Saturday *Morning arrived here the Ship* Elizabeth, James Allan, *Master, in about* Nine *Weeks from* London, *by whom we have the following Advices*, viz.

PROCEEDINGS *of the* Imperial *Army.*

LONDON, July 4.

THE Great Duke of Tuscany, accompanied by his Brother Prince Charles, arrived at the Army the 20th ult. and immediately took upon himself the chief Command of it. The next Day he detached Count Wallis with some Troops to advance to Orsova, intending to follow him directly with the Grand Army. The Turks have erected four Batteries before Orsova, from whence they play upon the Town with great Fury; notwithstanding which, it is hoped, the Place being well stored with all kind of Provisions, that Count Cornberg will be able to hold out 'till the Army can come up; if the Report be confirmed, that the Grand Vizir is marching with the utmost Diligence with his Army to cover the Siege, we may daily expect to hear of a decisive Action between them.

They write from Vienna of the 28th, that an Express was just arrived, with an Account, that the Imperial Army decamped from Temeswaer the 21st, and the next Day arrived at Mosnitzac, from whence there are but eight Days March to Orsova. It is confirmed, that the Plague makes a dreadful Havock in several Places in that Province.

VIENNA, June 28. We are inform'd that the Turks have erected four Batteries before Orsova, which vigorously batter'd the Place, but have not yet done any great Damage; so that there was Room to hope that the Baron de Cornberg, Governor, would be able to hold out till the Arrival of the Imperial Army, the Place being well provided with all Necessaries, and the Govenor having Orders to defend it to the last Extremity. If the Grand Vizir is actually marching to join the Troops which form the Seige of Orsova, as is reported, there is great Probability that we shall soon hear from thence of a Bloody Battle: For the Imperial Army having decamp'd from Temeswaer the 21st instant, was making the best of its Way to Orsova, but was likely to meet with great Obstructions in its Way thither, the Turks having fell'd Trees and thrown them in the narrow Passages through which it must pass. It's confirm'd, that a contagious Distemper very much prevails in several Part of the Bannat of Temeswaer.

London, July 17. *Extract of a Letter from the Imperial Camp at Slatina, dated June* 30.

The Army decamped the Day before Yesterday. We passed by Caransebes, and are arrived at this Place, where we are joyned by seven Batallions of Prince Lobkowitz's Body. We are now come to the Mouth of those dreadful Defiles, which have been so much talked of: 300 Turkish Horse shewed themselves, probably to reconnoitre only, for they retired immediately into the Defile upon the Approach of our Guard. To day the Army halts, and a great Council has been held to regulate the Dispositions of our Entrance into the Defiles. To morrow we shall go in quest of the Enemy, the Army having Orders to decamp at four in the Morning. Prince Eugene's Regiment of Dragoons, and that of Bavaria, are ordered out for the Van Guard under the Command of General Bernes. Field-Marshal Count Konigsegg gives it out, that he will go with them.

Letters from Vienna import, that the Court had received an Express, dispatched the 2d Instant from the Camp at Terresova, with Advice, that the Army had happily passed the Defiles of Slatina, the Turks not daring to attack them in their Passage; so that now nothing remains but the Defile of Terresova before they arrive at Orsova. This News has caused an extraordinary Joy in that City, the Account of the Raising of the Siege being every Moment expected. It is added, that upon the Arrival of an Express from Paris, there had been a Council immediately held at the Palace, the Subject of which was thought to be the Affairs of the Dutchies of Juliers and Bergues.

They write from Petersburg, that the Basha of Babylon had revolted from the Grand Signour, and made an Offer of Submission to Thamas Kouli Kan, which it was believed the latter would accept of, and declare against the Porte. It is certain an Ambassador from that Usurper to the Russian Court, is arrived at Astracan in his way thither, and the Contents of his Commission are waited for with great Impatience.

They have received Letters at the Hague from Vienna, dated the 12th Instant, advising, that on the 10th Count Pertusari, an Italian and Adjurant General, arrived there, with an Account of a considerable Advantage that the Imperialists had obtained over the Turks, the chief Particulars of which are as follows: On the 3d of July some Parties of the Turks appeared, to take a View of the Imperial Army. The Great Duke and Count Konigsegg perceiving those Parties to be increased by others, two Regiments of Hussars were detach'd to discover the Number and Situation of the Enemy's Forces: The Hussars soon came to Blows with the Infidels, and retired with the Loss of 8 Men killed and about 20 wounded. In the mean time the Imperial Army marched on in order of Battle; and on the 4th came to Corma, three Leagues from Meadia; they there saw that the Enemy were posted on all the neighbouring Hills, and the Imperialists put themselves into Order to give them a good Reception if they should move to attack them, which it was not believed they would attempt, because it rained very hard. But during that hard Rain, the Turks marched down from the Mountains, and attacked the Left Wing of the Imperialists with great Fury, and with some Execution. General Wallis commanded there, and being seconded by the Prince of Hilbourghausen at the Head of the Grenadiers, repulsed the Turks with great Bravery. The Turks charged likewise the Center of the Imperial Army, and the Fight was very hot from Two to the

the Afternoon till Six, when the Turks were put to Flight, chiefly by the gallant Behaviour of the Imperial Horſe. The Enemy would have been purſued, had the Rain permitted it. The Imperialiſts remained Maſters of the Field of Battle, having taken four Cannons, a great Number of Arms, Horſes, and ſome Standards. 600 Turks were found dead on the Field, but their known Cuſtom of carrying off their Dead, renders it probable that their Loſs was much greater. The Imperialiſts loſt about 500 Men, among them 40 Officers; the chief of which are, the Colonel of the Regiment of Barcith, Count Traut Captain of Dragoons in the Regiment of Kevenhuller, the Marqueſs Botta an Italian, Nephew of the General of that Name, and Captain of Foot in the Regiment of Young Daun; the Count de Lamberg, Lieutenant-Colonel of the Regiment of Kevenhuller, was wounded. General Wallis in his Letter to the Emperor, writes, "All Your Majeſty's Troops did well, "but eſpecially the Cavalry." The Imperialiſts lay upon their Arms the Night between the 4th and 5th, and Count Konigſegg having heard nothing of the Enemy, reſolved on the 5th to continue his March towards Meadia.

COLOGN, July 22. This Morning a Courier diſpatch'd from Vienna to Bruſſels paſs'd by this Place with Advice, that the Army of the Emperor having preſented itſelf the 7th Inſtant before Meadia, the Turkiſh Garriſon, which was in Poſſeſſion thereof, had ſurrender'd it by Capitulation.

AMSTERDAM, July 24. By Letters from Prague of the 16th Inſtant we learn, that the Adjutant-General Count de Konigſegg, preceded by eight Poſtillions, was arrived at Vienna from the Imperial Army, with agreeable News, that the Turks had been totally defeated between Meadia and Orſova by the Imperialiſts, who had made themſelves Maſters of their Camp; that the Loſs of the Infidels in this Battle is ſaid to amount to about 10000 Men; and that the Turks had raiſed the Siege of Orſova, and were retired with Precipitation.

BELGRADE, July 6. Advices from Vienna of the 16th inſtant, confirm the News of the Imperialiſts having gain'd a conſiderable Advantage over the Turks at Corma; of Meadia's capitulating upon the firſt Summons, tho' its Garriſon conſiſted of 2000 Men, and was well provided with every thing neceſſary; of the Turks having entirely abandon'd the Siege of Orſova, were retir'd with great Precipitation towards Widdin, and had left behind them 30 Pieces of Cannon, 10 Mortars, 1500 Waggons, and all their Tents, Proviſions and Ammunition, but make no mention of any other Action than that of Corma, ſo that the Report of 10000 Turks having been ſlain in the Battle near Orſova appears to be groundleſs, Colonel Picolomini has been reinſtated in the Government of Meadia. It's believ'd that the Army will march towards Widdin, in order to take Advantage of the preſent Conſternation of the Ottomans, and undertake the Siege of that Place. Count Lançzinski, Miniſter of Ruſſia, has receiv'd an Expreſs from Count Munich, ſince which it has been reported, for the fourth time, that the Ruſſians have taken Bender.

LONDON, July 24.

The laſt Letters from Count Munich to the Ruſſian Court are dated the 18th of June, importing, that he had paſſed the Ingul, and was continuing his March towards the Bog; that ſome Days before his Vanguard had defeated a Party of Janizaries and Spahis, and brought ſome Priſoners to the Camp, who report, that the Seraskier of Bender was incamped upon the Nieſter with 30,000 Turks and 20,000 Tartars, and had poſitive Orders to wait there for the Ruſſian Army, and diſpute their Paſſage near the River. He adds, that Proviſions were very plenty in his Camp, and few or none ſick in the Army. It is ſo long ſince the Court has received any News from Count Laſci, that it is apprehended, either his Couriers have loſt their Way in the Deſarts, or have been intercepted by the Tartars.

Letters from Vienna confirm the Surrender of Meadia and the Raiſing the Seige of Orſova. the 9th Inſtant the Imperial Army having paſſed the Defiles, as has been already mentioned, the Duke of Tuſcany detached a Regiment of Dragoons, together with M. Theyl, the Imperial Interpreter, to ſummon the Garriſon of Meadia to ſurrender, and threatning, in Caſe of Refuſal to put them all to the Sword without Mercy. As ſoon as Mr. Theyl arrived before the Town, the Commander of the Fort, and the Aga of the Janizaries appeared upon the Walls, and demanded to capitulate, which being granted them, the following Conditions were ſigned by the great Duke.

'We Duke of Lorrain and Barr, Great Duke of Tuſcany, Lieutenant General of his Imperial Majeſty, and his 'General in Chief in the Kingdom of Hungary, do grant 'to the Turkiſh Garriſon of Meadia, as well Officers as 'Soldiers and Slaves, provided there be no Deſerters or 'Subjects of his Imperial Majeſty among them, free Liberty to go out of the Place with their Arms, Baggage and 'Horſes, and we will cauſe them to be conducted to the 'next Town poſſeſſed by the Ottoman Troops, in Safety.

The Garriſon of Meadia was compoſed of five Regiments or Chambers of Janiſaries, making 2000 Men, under the Command of an Aga.

The next Day, while the Army was preparing to advance to Orſova, an Expreſs arrived from the Commander of the Town to inform his Royal Highneſs, that the Infidels being terrified with his late Victory, had already raiſed the Siege, and were fled with ſo much Precipitation, that they had abandoned their Camp with all their Tents, Proviſions, Artillery, and Ammunition therein, conſiſting of 30 Pieces of Cannon, 10 Mortars, 1500 Waggons, and an infinite Quantity of Stores of all Kinds. It is believed the Army will march directly to Widdin, to improve the Conſternation the Turks are under to the beſt Advantage, and lay Siege to that Place. Colonel Picolomini, who defended Meadia ſo bravely before the Turks became Maſters of it, is appointed Governor of it.

His Imperial Majeſty has ordered a ſolemn *Te Deum* to be ſung in the Metropolitan Church of Vienna, for the late Succeſſes of his Arms in Hungary, againſt the common Enemy.

Aug. 3. Yeſterday in the Afternoon ſeveral Thouſand People aſſembled together in St. Paul's Church-Yard, to look at two large Birds, which were perch'd on the Top of St. Paul's; one was on the Top of the Croſs, and the other on the Pine-Apple; they were very large Birds, and appeared thro' a Teleſcope to be two Eagles, tho' ſome were of Opinion they were Cormorants; they ſat very quietly 'till a Man went up St. Paul's, and fir'd a Gun at them, on which they flew away. Various were the Sentiments of the People at this uncommon Sight, and ſome cry'd out, *See, ſee, how the Spaniards fly away on the firing of a Gun, nothing elſe will bring the Dons to Reaſon.*

Aug. 4. Our Advices from Petersburgh are, that the Ruſſian Court has given Orders to all the Governors and Commandants of the Provinces in that Empire, to begin raiſing the neceſſary Recruits for the Army, that they may be ready to join next Winter the Bodies they are deſigned for. The Number of thoſe Recruits is computed at 30,000, which Diſpoſition does not look as if they depended on an approaching Peace with the Porte. Letters from Oczakow ſay, that there are a great many ſick in the Garriſon of that Town, which they attribute to the Infection of the Air, cauſed by the great Number of dead Carcaſes that remained in the Fields laſt Year without Burial.

They write from Vienna of the 26th of July N.S. that the Turks have again laid Siege to Orſova; but that as the Garriſon has been re-inforced, and there is great Plenty of Proviſions and Warlike Stores in the Place, they don't doubt but that the Commandant will be able to hold out untill the Imperial Army is again in a Condition to drive the Infidels from before it; for which Purpoſe the Imperial Generals judged it neceſſary to return to Carenſebes, as well to reſt the Troops after their great Fatigues, as to provide themſelves with every thing neceſſary for a new Enterprize, and wait the Troops actually on their March from ſeveral Places to join the Army. The great Duke of Tuſcany has left the Camp, and is gone to Buda for the Recovery of his Health. The Ruſſian Miniſter has received a Courier, who is ſaid to have brought Advice, that the Velt-Marſhal Count Munich arrived at Bender the 5th inſtant N.S.

We hear from Belgrade, that the 15000 Turks, who encamped at Jagodina, are gone from thence to join the Grand Vizir, as it is thought; and that they left but 1500 Men there to guard the Bridge, which they had begun over the Morava, and left unfiniſh'd.

Letters from Leghorn ſay, that the Corſicans have delivered to Count de Boiſſeux, the French General in Corſica, a new Memorial, wherein they declare, that having conſi-

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fered the State of their Affairs, and the Means propos'd to them for reſtoring Peace in that Iſland, they find it abſolutely impoſſible for them to reſolve to live under the Dominion of the Genoeſe, but that to ſhew they had no Mind to behave as Mutineers or Rebels, they are ready to ſubmit to any other Power that will receive them.

BOSTON, Octob. 9. We have an Account from Nantucket, That the Indians upon that Iſland had ſome Time ſince entred into a Conſpiracy to deſtroy all the Engliſh, by firſt ſetting Fire to their Houſes, in the Night, and then falling upon them with their Fire Arms, &c. But this horrid Plot was diſcover'd by an Indian Fellow, who could by no means be prevailed upon to join the reſt of the Indians in this moſt barbarous Undertaking. The Pretence the Indians have for this cruel Attempt, is, as we hear, that the Engliſh at firſt took the Land from their Anceſtors by Force, and have kept it ever ſince, without giving them any valuable Conſideration for it; and they have been obſerved for a long Time to be more ſurly and diſcontented than uſual; and ſome Months ſince, before the Veſſels went out on their whaling Voyages, they came to a Reſolution to deſtroy all their Engliſh Neighbours: And as there are more Indians than Engliſhmen employ'd on board the Whaling Veſſels, it was agreed, that the Indians ſhould take an Opportunity to deſtroy their Engliſh Maſters and Friends at Sea, while the reſt of the Conſpirators did the like on Shore. Upon the Diſcovery of the Plot, the Engliſh took to their Arms, and ſtood on their Defence, which diſcouraged the Indians from making any Attempt upon them!; and we are impatient to hear whether their whaling Veſſels are return'd in Safety, and what Meaſures have been taken to ſecure the Peace and Safety of the Iſland.

Cuſtom-Houſe, NEW YORK, October 16. *Entred In.*

Wilſon from Plymouth, Ratſay from Cowes, Phœnix from Antigua, Perry from New-Providence, Perenchief from Turks Iſland. *Entred out.* Aſpinwal for Rhode-Iſland, Fleetwood for S. Carolina, Paynter for Georgia, Johnſon and Miſnard for Jamaica, Axon for Leward-Iſlands, Jeffery for Ireland, Progs for Belfaſt. *Cleared.* Lawrence to Maryland, Dever to Antigua, Floyd to Ireland.

PHILADELPHIA.

On Monday laſt arrived here the Brigt. Fox, Charles Ware Maſter from Cowes, with 153 Palatines.

Cuſtom-Houſe, PHILADELPHIA. *Entred In.*

Brigt. Mary, William Spafford, from Lisbon.
Brigt. Fox, Charles Ware, from Cowes.
Brigt. Neptune, Samuel Jennings, from North-Carolina.
Ship Elizabeth, James Allan, from London.
Snow Beach, John Friend, from Antigua.
Brigt. King David, Henry Chads, from Barbadoes.

Entred Out.

Snow Proſperity, John M'Knight, from Cork.
Sloop Francis, Tuder Tucker, for Bermuda.
Scooner Sea-Flower, Ranier Gregory, for Weſt-Indies
Brigt. Joſeph, John Sim, for Lisbon.
Ship Dragon, William Neate, for Jamaica.
Ship Queen Elizabeth, Alexander Hope, for S. Carolina.
Snow Mulberry, William Fiſhourn, for Jamaica.

Cleared.

Sloop Seaborn, Caleb ..rmitage, to Rhode-Iſland.

TO BE SOLD, by PUBLICK VENDUE,
At the Coffee-Houſe, *in* Philadelphia:
On the Twenty-Seventh *of this Inſtant* October:

THE Improvements, Implements and Utenſils of the Brew-Houſe in Water-Street, *adjoining to the Tun-Tavern; all in good Order and compleat for carrying on the Buſineſs. Time will be allow'd the Purchaſer for Payment on giving good Security.*

*** N. B. *The firſt Term of the Leaſe to expire on the* 25th *of* December *enſuing, with Liberty to renew the ſame, or remove the ſaid Utenſils: An Inventory and the Conditions of Sale may be ſeen in the Hands of*

PATRICK BAIRD, *Vendue-Maſter.*

Juſt Imported by THOMAS SHARP,
At his Store on Fiſhbourn's *Wharffe, the following Goods,* viz.

KERSEYS, Broad-Cloths, Cambletts, Druggets, Crapes, Shallons, Tammies, Manchester Ware, and many other Goods: Alſo Jamaica *Rum, Wool-Cards, Pepper, Iron Pots, Sugar, Molaſſes; all to be ſold very Cheap for ready Money or Credit.*

LATELY IMPORTED,
In the Ship Elizabeth, James Allan, *Maſter:*
And to be SOLD, by REESE MEREDITH,
At his Store on William Fiſhbourn's *Wharffe,*
for Ready Money, the following Goods, viz.

LOOKING-Glaſſes of all Sizes, gilt and plain China Ware, Nuns Thread, Siſters Thread, Twiſt, Holland, Tapes, figur'd Girdles and Ribbons, Fringes plain and ſcollop'd, Edgings, Lace, Fans of divers Sorts, Needles, ſcarlet and plain Tammies, Brunellos, figured Turketee Stuff, ſtrip'd and plain Gallimancoes, blue and drab flower'd Damaſks, Camblets of ſeveral colours, ſilk Camblets, Brillians, Japan Poplins, Donjars, Burdetts, Cutgees, wrought Inckle, divers ſorts of Muſlins, Crowleys, Steel, moſt ſorts of Cutlery Ware, check Linnen, three fourths and ſeven eighths Garlix, ſundry ſorts of Linnens, and Habadaſhery Ware.

*** N. B. *All Perſons Indebted to the ſaid* MEREDITH, *are deſired to pay the ſame, he intending for* England *next Spring.*

For SOUTH-CAROLINA, *directly,*
The Snow Two Siſters, JAMES MARSHALL, *Maſter:*
(Being well accommodated for Paſſengers.)

WILL ſail with all Expedition. For Freight or Paſſage agree with the ſaid Maſter on Board ſaid Snow now lying at Mr. John Patrot's *Wharffe.*

For SOUTH-CAROLINA,
ALEXANDER HOPE, *Maſter:*

WILL Sail in Ten Days at fartheſt. For Freight or Paſſage agree with Mr. Benjamin Shoemaker, *Merchant, in* Market-Street, Philadelphia, *or the ſaid Maſter, on Board the Ship at* Bickley's *Wharffe.* Octob. 19. 1738.

Juſt Imported, and To be SOLD,
By JAMES WRAGG,
At his Store, next to the Scales in Front-ſtreet,
PHILADELPHIA:
(He deſigning for England *in a very ſhort Time.)*

CHOICE good Gun-Powder and Shot, very reaſonably: Gartering of all Sorts, Cotton and Thread Laces, Non-ſo-pretties, Quality Bindings and Tapes, worſted and cotton Caps, ſeveral ſorts of Nails, Locks and Hinges of all ſorts, Saws, Candleſticks, Files and Raſps, Braſs Work for Cabinets, Axes, Chiſſels, Hammers, Augres, Shovels and Tongs, caſt ſad Irons and Box Irons, Gimblets, ſpring Powder Flasks, braſs and Iron Compaſſes, Carpenters Rules, Metal Buttons, Awl Blades and Tacks, and ſundry other Sorts of Ironmongery Ware, at reaſonable Rates.

LEFT at the Sign of the *Indian King* in *New-Caſtle*, on the 17th paſt, a Sorrel Horſe, ſuppoſed to be ſtolen: He was left by a Welch Man, who had a Paſs from *Eliſha Gatchel*, Eſq; and ſaid he was going to North-Eaſt Iron-Works; but not appearing ſince, it is tho't he was a Run-away, and ſtole the ſaid Horſe. Any Perſon who owns the ſaid Horſe, deſcribing the Marks and paying the Charges may have him again.

RUN away on the 14th *Inſt.* Octob. *from* William Miller, *of the Township of* Middletown, Cheſter *County, an* Iriſh *Servant Man, named* Peter Kindley, *about* 30 *Years of Age, of a tall Stature, red Complexion, has a little of the Brogue on his Tongue, a Taylor by Trade. Had on when he went away, a dark olive turn'd Coat, an old white Jacket without Sleeves, two fine linnen Shirts, olive-green Breeches, yarn Stockings, and a good Hat.*

Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid Servant, ſo that he may be had again, ſhall have Forty Shillings *Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by* William Miller.

VERY good LAMPBLACK, made and ſold by the Printer hereof.

LEFT at the House of Jacob Shoemaker, *Wheel-Maker in* Market-Street, *about three Years ago, a Piece of Woollen Cloth, in order to be full'd and Dyed: The Owner is desir'd to come to said* Shoemaker, *or else it will be sold to pay the Charges.*

ALL Persons who are indebted to Messrs. *William Masters, Thomas Robinson* and *William Heartley* on Account of Servants bought out of the Snow *Hercules* of *Philadelphia*, are hereby desired immediately to pay in their respective Debts in Order that the above Persons in Company may settle their Accounts in relation thereto, proper Attendance will be given at *Nathaniel Allen's*, Cooper, in Front-Street *Philadelphia*.

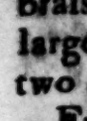
RUN *away on the* 13*th Inst. from* Alexander Morgan *of* Walterford *Township* Gloucester *County* West New-Jersey, *a Negro Man named* Cesar, *aged about* 24 *Years, a lusty tall Fellow with a thin Visage, small Legs and great Feet: Had on when he went away, a sort of gray homespun Coat and Waistcoat, a striped homespun Waistcoat and Breeches, a Felt Hat, Cotton Cap, grey worsted Stockings, Calf-Skin Shoes with pecked Toes, and some other Cloaths, with about* Nine Pound *in Silver and Gold, to wit, one Pistole, English and French Crowns and Half Crowns, English Shillings and Sixpences.*

Whoever secures the said Negro and Money, so that they are had again, shall have Forty Shillings *Reward and reasonable Charges, paid by* Alexander Morgan.

N. B. *All Persons are hereby forwarned of entertaining him at their Peril, or having any Dealings with him for the Money aboveſaid or otherwise, except to take up and secure him. There is likewise two white Men supposed to be gone with him, one named* Thomas Powell, *tall and slender, dark Complexion, curl'd Hair, and well cloath'd; the other named* Henry Watkins, *a short Man*

RUN away the 15th Instant, the three following *Irish* Servant Men, *viz.*

From *Thomas Wills*, of *Middletown* in *Chester* County, one named *Philip Dowen*, about 20 Years of Age, of middle Stature, well set, short black Hair, down Look, has a Mark between his Eyebrows as in the Margin, but perhaps may cover it with a Patch; had on a reddish Coat lined with darkish Cloth of two Colours, with plain Sleeves and brass Buttons, an old lightish-coloured Great Coat with a large Cape, several Shirts, a pair of Breeches and Trowsers, two pair of Shoes, the one new.



From *Joseph Talbot*, of the same Place, one named *James Welch*, aged about 23 Years, lusty and tall, smooth faced, with several Gunpowder Marks on one of his Hands; had on an old Great Coat of a light Colour, with one of the Cuffs torn off if not both, a Lead-coloured half-worn Kersey Jacket with some brass Buttons on the Breast, black Leather Breeches, old Trowsers, new yarn Stockings, a Pair of Shoes, and wears a Cap.

From *Alexander Hunter* of the same Place, one named *John Benn*, aged about 20 Years, short of Stature, black Hair, swarthy Complection, pretty much mark'd with the Small-pox, with something like a Wart by the Side of his Nose; had on a brownish Coat with bluish Linning, a greyish Jacket, old Leather Breeches, several Pair of Stockings and Shoes, three good Hatts.

Whoever takes up and secures the said Servants, so that they are had again, shall have *Forty Shillings* Reward each, for the two first, and *Twenty Shillings* for the last mentioned Servant, and reasonable Charges, paid by

Thomas Wills, Joseph Talbot, Alexander Hunter.

N B. 'Tis supposed they'll change both their Names and Cloaths.

BROKE out of the Goal at *Dover* in *Kent* County, on the 3d Inst. at Night, the two following Persons, viz.

Thomas Johnson, an Irishman, by Trade a Blacksmith, short and well set, reddish Complexion, short brown bush Hair.

William Spencer, by Trade a Joyner, slim in Body, of middle Stature, smooth-fac'd, and clear skin'd; wears a Cap and a blue Jacket.

Whoever secures the said Persons, so that they are had again, shall have *Thirty Shillings* Reward each, and reasonable Charges, paid by *Daniel Robinson.*

TO BE SOLD,

By AMBROSE VINCENT, and Company, At their Store on *Fishbourne's* Wharff:

CHOICE Indigo, Train Oil, Iron Potts and Kettles, Lampblack, Testaments, Psalters, Raisins, Rum, Desks, Mackrell, Wool-cards, Pepper, and many other Things, at very reasonable Prices for ready-Money.

STOLEN last Night out of *Thomas Stapleford's* Kitchen, a large brass Kettle, almost new, containing about 32 Gallons, with a large Iron Bale, and a Copper Nail drove in near the Bottom. Whoever will give Information to said *Thomas Stapleford*, so that he may get it again, shall have *Thirty Shillings* Reward and no Questions ask'd. *Philad. October* 6. 1738.

STRAY'D or Stolen off the Commons near this City, about 3 Weeks since, a bay Mare, 14 Hands high, with a short switch Tail, shod before, branded I W on the near Shoulder, and SC on the Buttock, and is a natural Pacer. Whoever brings her to the Subscriber, shall have *Twenty Shillings* Reward, paid by

Philad October 10. 1738. *Joseph Wharton.*

STRAY'D away from Capt. *Woodrop's* Plantation, two black Horses, about 4 or 5 Years old, 14 Hands high, one with a Blaze in his Forehead, two white Feet behind, a short switch Tail. The other with a Star in his Forehead, and a broad white Snip down his Nose, the near hind Foot white, a short switch Tail; both Horses trott and pace. Whoever takes up the said Horses and brings them to *Robert Ellis* in *Philadelphia*, shall have *Ten shillings* Reward for each Horse.

ALL Persons indebted to *William Vere*, of this City, are hereby desired to make immediate Pay, he designing to depart this Province, by the first opportunity. *N. B.* He is determin'd to take proper Measures to secure what he can't Collect.

For *BRISTOL*, directly,

The Ship *Delaware*, *David Davis*, Master;

Having good Accomodations for Passengers:

WILL Sail for the above Port with the utmost Expedition. For Freight or Passage agree with said Master on Board his Ship, now lying at Mr. *Powel's* Wharffe.

Philadelphia, Septemb. 5. 1738.

For *SOUTH-CAROLINA*, directly,

THE Ship *Winter-Gally*, *Edward Paynter*, Master; will Sail in Fourteen Days. For Freight or Passage agree with said Master, on Board said Vessel, now lying at Mr. *Austin's* Wharffe, or with *Benjamin Shoemaker*, Merchant, in *Market-Street*, *Philadelphia*.

Philadelphia, Octob. 5. 1738.

Lately Imported, and to be SOLD, By J. STEPHEN BENEZET,

A Large Parcel of very good new BOHEA and GREEN TEA; Bohea at 7 *s.* per Pound, and Green at 10 *s.* per Pound, for ready Money.

Next Door to the POST-OFFICE, In *Market-Street*, *Philadelphia*, is to be SOLD, By JOSHUA BISPHAM, Sadler, lately arrived from *England*:

SUNDRY Sorts of Sadlery Ware; also all Sorts of Men's and Women's Saddles, made after the newest and most fashionable manner: And likewise sundry Sorts of English Goods at reasonable Rates.

THE *Creditors of* MARY PEARCE, *are desir'd to bring in their Accounts duly prov'd to* REESE MEREDITH *or* WILLIAM HELLIER, *before the* 21*st of* October *Inst. on which Day the Dividend will be made of her Effects.*

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by B. FRANKLIN, POST-MASTER, at the New Printing-Office near the Market. *Price* 10 *s.* a Year.

Where *Advertisements* are taken in, and *Book-Binding* is done reasonably, in the best Manner.